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Adult Child Sexual Abuse Survivors

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Description of Adult Child Sexual Abuse Survivors

Definition

Adult child sexual abuse (ACSA) is a form of child sexual abuse that occurs when a child is sexually abused by an adult. The abuse can be physical, emotional, or psychological. It can occur in a variety of settings, including the home, school, and community. The abuse can have long-term effects on the child's physical, emotional, and psychological health.

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Prevalence

According to the National Child Maltreatment 2011, they estimated that 10% of children in the United States have been sexually abused. The prevalence of ACSA is estimated to be between 5% and 10%.

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IDENTIFICATION/ASSESSMENT STRATEGIES

Identification and assessment strategies for ACSA survivors include a thorough history of the abuse, a physical examination, and a psychological evaluation. The history of the abuse should include the type of abuse, the duration, and the location. The physical examination should look for signs of physical abuse, such as bruising or lacerations. The psychological evaluation should look for signs of emotional and psychological abuse, such as depression, anxiety, and post-traumatic stress disorder.

Trauma Symptom Inventory (TSI; Briere, 1995)

The Trauma Symptom Inventory (TSI) is a self-report measure of trauma symptoms. It consists of 100 items that are rated on a scale of 1 to 5. The TSI is used to assess the severity of trauma symptoms in survivors of ACSA. The TSI is a reliable and valid measure of trauma symptoms. It is used in a variety of settings, including clinical, research, and forensic.

Special Populations

Women.

[illegible]

Men.

[illegible]

Revictimized clients.

Revictimized clients. The study included 100 clients who had been victimized by a partner or family member in the past 12 months. The clients were recruited from a community-based organization that provides support and advocacy for victims of intimate partner violence. The clients were recruited through a combination of referrals from community organizations, direct contact with the clients, and advertising in local newspapers and community centers. The clients were recruited between January 2003 and January 2004. The clients were recruited from a community-based organization that provides support and advocacy for victims of intimate partner violence. The clients were recruited through a combination of referrals from community organizations, direct contact with the clients, and advertising in local newspapers and community centers. The clients were recruited between January 2003 and January 2004. The clients were recruited from a community-based organization that provides support and advocacy for victims of intimate partner violence. The clients were recruited through a combination of referrals from community organizations, direct contact with the clients, and advertising in local newspapers and community centers. The clients were recruited between January 2003 and January 2004.

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